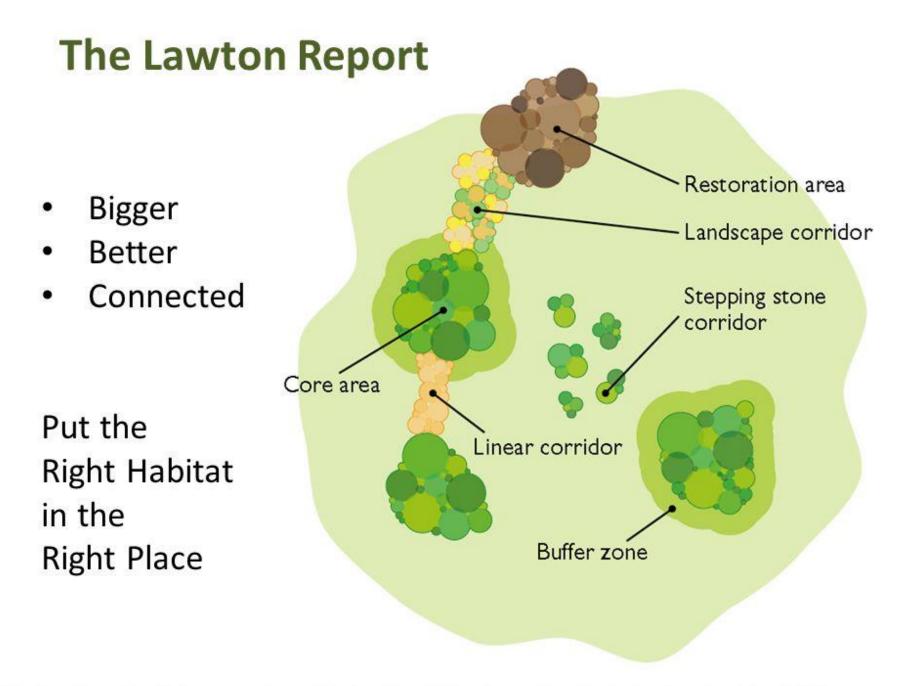




## Connectivity is also a major challenge for wildlife



Making Space for Nature: a review of England's wildlife sites and ecological networks: defra 2010

The UK is one of the most nature-depleted countries in the world

### Where are we now?







- 108 Designated Conservation Road verges.
- GCC supporting regular surveys and feeding into the planning system.
- Partnership approach between GWT, GCC and GCER has received national recognition.
- Many high quality verges that haven't been assessed yet.



## Why is managing verges for biodiversity important

#### Legislation

Public authorities have a duty to have regard to conserving biodiversity as part of their policies or decision making and should be able to demonstrate this when they manage and develop road infrastructure (NERC Act 2006).

There will be new statutory environmental principles and an Office of Environmental Protection to enforce environmental law (Draft Environment Bill, 2018)

#### **National Policy**

25 Year Environment Plan: Develop a Nature Recovery Network to protect and restore wildlife, and provide opportunities to re-introduce species that we have lost from our countryside

**National Planning Policy Framework:** Planning policies and decisions should

- protect and enhance sites of biodiversity and preventing development from contributing to unacceptable levels of soil, air or water pollution.
- promote the conservation, restoration and enhancement of priority habitats, ecological networks and priority species; and identify and pursue opportunities for securing measurable net gains for biodiversity.



More efficient use of resources and more use of sustainable energy

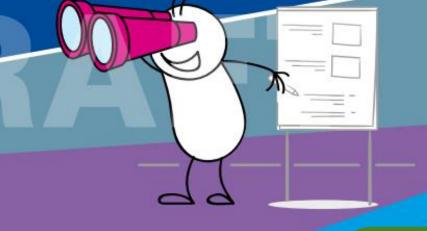
Gloucestershire Looking to the Future

2019-2022

gloucestershire.gov.uk

Promoting active travel, including walking and cycling

Transport Economy and Infrastructure:
More efficient use of resources and more use of sustainable energy



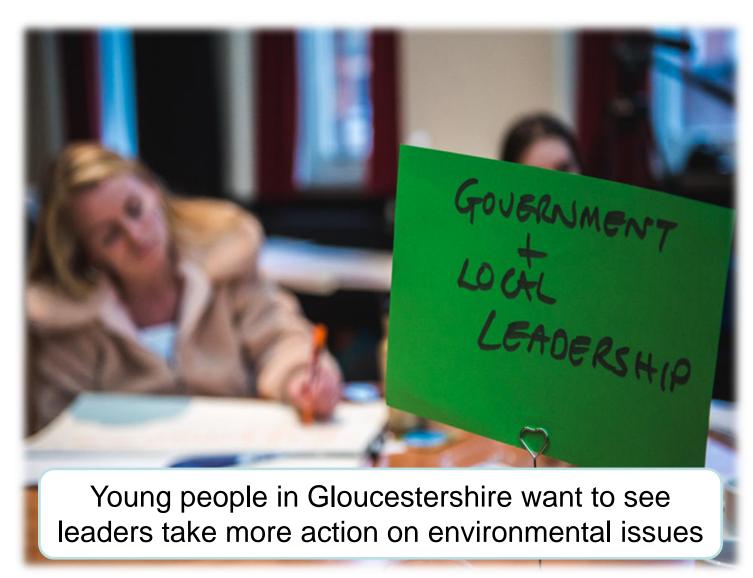


Embedding green infrastructure into our thinking and planning for Gloucestershire's future development and regeneration

# Why is managing verges for biodiversity important



UK study showed that 90% of people do not oppose reduced mowing of verges for wildlife benefits (Garbuzov et al. 2014)







# Gloucestershire GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE Redge



## What could we do better?



## Use highways to deliver broader public benefit









# Green highways supporting economic growth?



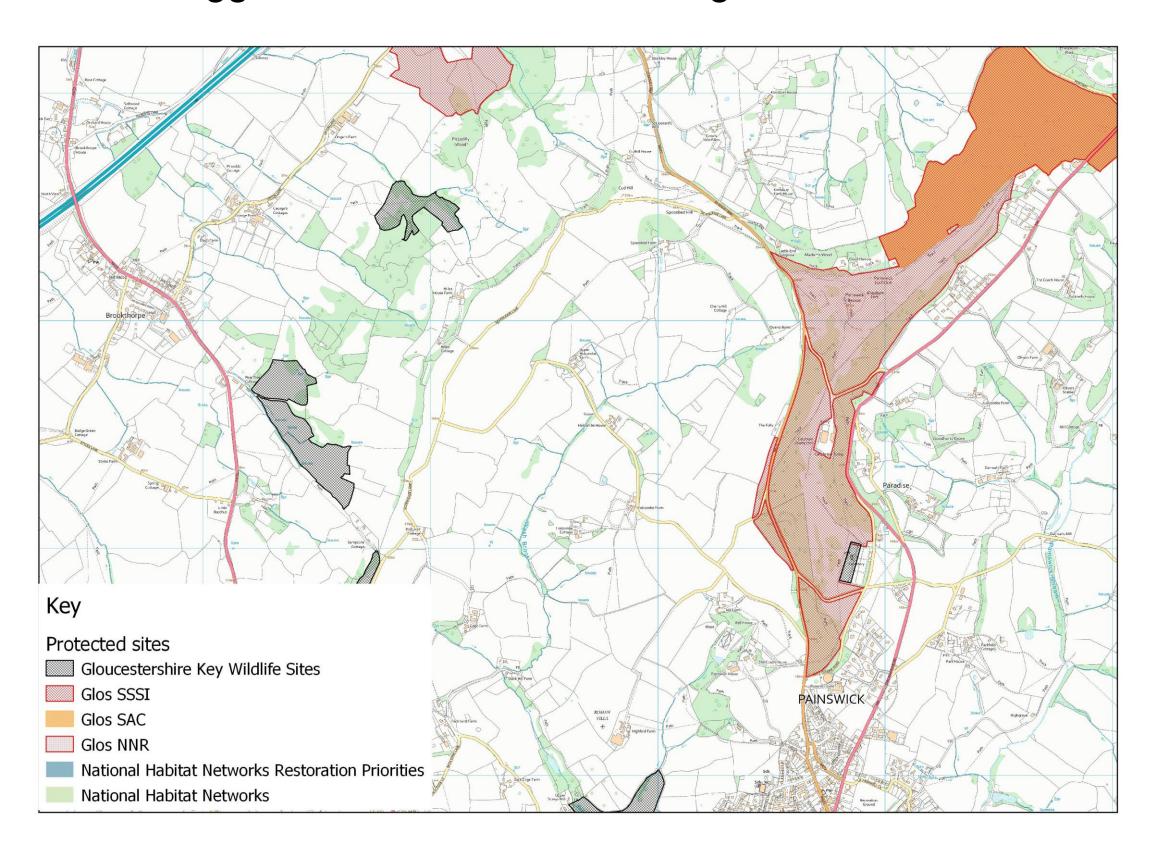






- Integrated Environmental Mapping Tool being produced by the Gloucestershire Local Nature Partnership.
- Will identify where there are environmental constraints to development and how these could be unlocked.
- Will also show where there are opportunities to make better use of natural capital and enhance it.

# Use the Nature Recovery Network to identify where highways can make the biggest contribution to restoring Gloucestershire's wildlife



## Highways management for wildlife beyond verges







### Pitfalls to avoid





The most vocal opponents are unlikely to represent the majority view in their communities.



Proactive communication of the benefits is crucial to supporting behaviour change



Local delegation of management has its advantages but oversight and expert input from GCC is needed to deliver the biggest public benefit.



Seed mixes are a quick fix but costly, nonsustainable and often from non-native species.